

**THE IMPORTANCE OF YOUTH-ORIENTED STRUCTURES ESTABLISHED
IN THE COUNTRY IN THE POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION OF YOUTH****Rasulov Rustambek Odilovich***University of management and future technologies**senior teacher*rustamrasulov07081995@gmail.com**Annotation**

The article provides information on the activities of youth organizations in Uzbekistan, the period of their formation, as well as the impact and significance of these organizations and structures on the political socialization of youth in their worldview.

Keywords: Youth, socialization, political socialization, family, neighborhood, maturity, youth union, youth affairs agency, worldly confusion. The main stratum of the country's development, its high results in the world community, its recognition of the country, its future is its youth.

In Uzbekistan, significant work has been done in this regard, and a number of state and non-state structures are carrying out their activities to ensure their active participation in social processes and to attract them to the criminal sphere.

For the first time, on the initiative of our first President I.A. Karimov, a decree was adopted in our country on April 17, 1996, on the “Kamolot” Foundation for the Youth of the Republic of Uzbekistan”¹. The main task of the “Kamolot” Foundation was to ensure the comprehensive development and maturity of our youth, to obtain in-depth knowledge, to form high spiritual and educational, patriotic, and hardworking qualities and qualities in them, and to help them consistently carry out their work on the path to independence.

This fund is the first and largest structure established in our country in the system of working with youth. The establishment of the fund certainly opened the doors of great opportunities for young people, and they were inspired to strive for a better life, to achieve high goals using the created opportunities. Later, the “Kamolot” fund was replaced by the “Kamolot” youth social movement in our country. On April 24, 2001, on the initiative of a group of active

¹ <https://lex.uz/docs/-175454> PF-1425-son

young people, the “Kamolot” youth social movement was established on a voluntary basis. “Kamolot” is a self-governing non-governmental non-profit organization. Youth aged 14 to 30, regardless of language, religion, gender, race, nationality, personal and social status, who recognize the programmatic goals and objectives of the movement and the requirements of the charter, who do not spare their services in their implementation, who consider work and struggle for the peace of the country, the development of the Motherland, and the well-being of the people as a vital belief for themselves, who are an example to others in their studies, work, military service, and public affairs, can become members of the movement. The supreme body of the movement is the Congress, which is convened once every 5 years, the governing body is the Central Council, which is convened once every 6 months, and the executive body is the Executive Committee, which is convened once every 2 months.

The basis of the movement is primary organizations, which are organized in all educational institutions, all state bodies, law enforcement agencies, and the armed forces of the country, based on the will of young people, their primary structures. Each primary organization in the organizations has its leader, elected by a majority vote at the General Reporting Meeting held once a year.

The “Kamolot” youth social movement, which has the status of a legal entity, has its own branches in the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and the city of Tashkent, as well as districts and cities. A branch of the “Yetakchi” youth center also worked in parallel.

The “Kamolot” youth social movement also includes the “Kamalak” children's organization, which covers children aged 10 to 14 years.

On October 10, 2006, at the initiative of our First President I. Karimov, a resolution was adopted to support the “Kamolot”² youth social movement and further increase the effectiveness of its activities. The resolution stated that the “Kamolot” youth social movement, in the implementation of programs and events aimed at solving the problems of youth, adopted at the state policy level, and aimed at helping the young generation reaching adulthood find their rightful place in life, as well as providing employment to young people living in remote areas, as well as creating sufficient opportunities and conditions for them, did not sufficiently contribute to this goal. For this purpose, the goals and objectives of the Movement were reviewed, wider and more privileges were granted to it, as well as conditions were created for

² <https://lex.uz/docs/-1070245?ONDATE2=28.09.2020&action=compare>

it to carry out its activities together with the Republican Council for Spirituality and Enlightenment and relevant ministries and departments.

In Uzbekistan, where more than half of the population is young people, the main task of the youth social movement "Kamolot" is to unite the youth of the country and provide practical assistance in implementing various youth initiatives. Among these initiatives is the realization of the intellectual potential of young people, the implementation of their scientific and creative ideas, entrepreneurial projects and various other initiatives. Therefore, the "Kamolot" youth social movement introduced the "Kamol" scholarship.

The Kamolot scholarship is an award for students of higher educational institutions for their initiative and activity in effectively organizing the activities of the youth social movement in their own higher educational institution and in their region, for their active participation and victory in all competitions and projects organized by the Kamolot youth social movement, as well as for their socio-political, spiritual-enlightenment and legal literacy in the life of society.

"Kamolot" is engaged in providing scholarships to talented and gifted youth, providing young families with housing, providing young people with jobs and various assistance necessary for the implementation of various initiatives they have started.

The main principle of "Kamolot" is to work freely with young people and realize their dreams and aspirations. The youth social movement of Uzbekistan "Kamolot" is sometimes likened to the "pioneer" and "Komsomol" organizations of the former Soviet Union, but its goals and objectives are fundamentally different from them. The main difference of "Kamolot" is that young people come here of their own free will and desire, no one is expelled from the organization, there are no obstacles or barriers to becoming a member of the organization. All young people can become members of this organization equally and use its opportunities.

The youth social movement "Kamolot" has branches with the status of a legal entity (Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and the city of Tashkent), as well as district and city branches, the highest body of which is the Conference, which is convened once every 2.5 years. The "Kamalak" Children's Organization, which carries out its activities under its auspices and unites schoolchildren aged 7 to 14, was also formed within the structure of "Kamolot". The "Kamalak" children's organization operates on the basis of the Charter approved by the Central Council of the Movement and, using its own approaches and methods of upbringing, focuses its activities on instilling the main goals and objectives of the Movement in the minds and hearts of children.

The youth social movement "Kamolot" published the newspapers "Turkiston", "Molodyoj Uzbekistana", the magazines "Yosh kuch", "Sirli olam", "Sinfdosh", "Guncha", "Yoshlik", "Qalb kozi".

The main foundation of Kamolot is its primary organizations, which are formed based on the wishes of young people in all educational institutions, government organizations, as well as military structures and law enforcement agencies in the country. Each primary organization has a leader who is elected by a majority vote at a general reporting meeting held once a year.

The first non-governmental non-profit organization in the history of Uzbekistan to manage the system of working with youth is the youth social movement "Kamolot", which has been engaged in realizing their dreams and aspirations.

Also, our President - "At the moment, you all see through the "mirror of the world", that we are constantly holding dialogues with representatives of our community, primarily our youth, in the places. One idea is being expressed again and again at these meetings. Namely, the youth of Uzbekistan express their desire to create a democratic youth organization that would be free from formalism and campaigning, and would be a true defender of the interests of the younger generation.

In this regard, proposals are being put forward that it would be more correct not to unite all young people in one organization on a "voluntary-compulsory" basis, as before, but to organize them according to their dreams and aspirations, spheres of life and professional interests, and social goals.

In my opinion, such ideas have a deep basis and logic. The advantage of this proposal is that it covers all categories and groups of the country's youth, and most importantly, unites them on the basis of democratic principles. This, in turn, is especially noteworthy in that it is in line with the process of democratic reforms underway in Uzbekistan today.

Taking all this into account, what do you think if we create a completely new organization in our country that can truly support and support the youth - the Youth Union of Uzbekistan?³ - they emphasized, and the entire audience stood up and supported them.

Thus, on July 30, 2017, the Youth Union of Uzbekistan was established in our country on the basis of the Kamolot youth social movement, and from that day on, June 30 was declared "Youth Day" in our country.

³ <https://www.gazeta.uz/oz/2017/07/01/nutq/>

The Youth Union of Uzbekistan is a non-governmental, non-profit organization uniting the youth of Uzbekistan, established by individuals in the organizational and legal form of a union in order to form a physically healthy, spiritually mature and intellectually developed, independently thinking young generation, protect youth from external threats and the harmful effects of “mass culture”, provide comprehensive assistance and create conditions for protecting the rights and legitimate interests of youth.

The main goal of the Union is to further deepen the democratic, political and economic reforms being implemented in the country, strengthen peace and harmony in society, involve young people in the processes of Uzbekistan's accession to the ranks of developed countries of the world, and ensure effective protection of the rights, freedoms and legitimate interests of the younger generation, raise the spiritual and professional level of young people, and help them realize their intellectual and creative potential.

The main tasks of the Union are as follows:

- to form well-rounded, independent-thinking young people with their own life position and firm convictions, capable of taking a worthy place in society, becoming a decisive force and support in the processes of reform and renewal of the country, to improve their political culture, legal literacy and legal awareness;
- to educate young people, especially unorganized youth, in a spiritual and moral sense and in the spirit of military patriotism, to form in them a sense of historical memory, national pride and identity, involvement in current events, respect for national and universal values;
- to protect the rights and legitimate interests of young people, support their desire to master modern professions, and involve them in entrepreneurial activities;
- to support talented young people, create conditions for them to realize their creative and intellectual potential, and involve them in scientific activities;
- to form a healthy lifestyle and ecological culture among young people, especially unorganized youth, and to widely involve them in regular physical education and sports;
- protecting young people, especially unorganized youth, from the influence of religious extremist and other destructive organizations, from negative influences and threats coming from outside under the guise of "popular culture", helping to prevent and curb delinquency and crime among young people, etc. ⁴

⁴ <https://yoshlarittifoqi.uz/uz/menu/maqsad-va-vazifalar>

During its activities, the Youth Union of Uzbekistan has been holding the following mass events: the intellectual game “In the footsteps of the Ancestors”, the intellectual game “Debate”, the television competition of designers “Imidzh”, the competition “Young Reader”, the festival “Majnuntol”, the festival of young filmmakers “PROlogue”, “Motherland in the hands of young people”, “Train of youth” and similar mass events.

In order to support and encourage young people, the “Youth Union of Uzbekistan Award”, the “Uzbekistan Sign” badge, and the “Youth Union” scholarships have been introduced. <https://yoshlarittifoqi.uz/uz/menu/ustav-1>

Also, citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan who have reached the age of 14 and have not exceeded 30 years of age and stateless individuals who have permanently resided in the Republic of Uzbekistan and who have expressed a desire to support the goals of the Union may become members of the Union.

The Union has its own territorial Councils in regions, districts and cities. It is noteworthy that the Union has primary organizations working with youth in all educational institutions, state organizations and all systems, which are headed by the youth leader of the primary organization. Young people aged 10 to 14 studying in schools became members of the “Kamalak” children's organization within the Union, and schoolchildren aged 14 to 18 became members of the Union. The “Council of Leaders” organized in schools supported the social interests and proposals of young students and helped them spend their time meaningfully by organizing various competitions based on their interests.

The primary organizations of the Youth Union organized in higher educational institutions mainly include professors and teachers under the age of 30 from higher educational institutions. The primary organizations of the Youth Union in higher educational institutions have organized their own “Council of Leaders”, through which systematic work is being carried out with young people in the higher education system.

Of course, the creation of such opportunities and privileges cannot but inspire a sense of confidence and hope for the future of our youth. It also encourages young people to live with great strength and energy for the country and its future in their activities, and to serve the interests of this country with all their strength and energy.

The issue of youth is always considered a priority task. There was a need for a state organization in our country that would deal with youth policy, of course. On June 30, 2020, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sahvkat Mirziyoyev met with all the youth of

Uzbekistan. It was on this initiative of the President that the “Youth Affairs Agency” was established in our country, which would deal with youth policy.

The Agency for Youth Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a state organization that carries out the implementation of state youth policy to a new level, finding effective solutions to problems in the youth sector, providing them with comprehensive support, as well as effectively organizing and coordinating the activities of authorized bodies⁵.

In conclusion, today in our country the issue of youth, which is considered the main basis of society and its development, the role of political institutions operating in our country and youth organizations that unite young people around their goals is very important. These organizations, along with uniting young people around a specific goal, also help accelerate the processes of their socialization.

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